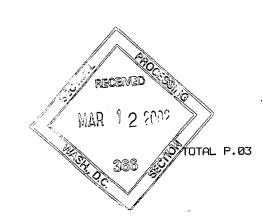
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THOMSON FINANCIAL

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I.		Robert L Kat Z swear (or affirm) that, to the
best	of	my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Senvest International LLC.
$\overline{\mathbb{N}}$	(4)	
DOF	any	partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified soley as that of ner, except as follows:
	_	
		Jan / W/
	_	Chart Financial Officer
1		J. F. BROWN
Thi	V	COMM. #1330183 COMM. #1330183 NOTARY PUBLIC-CALIFORNIA COUNTY SAN FRANCISCO COUNTY My Comm. Expires Nov. 13, 2005
又		Facing page.
X		Statement of Financial Condition.
S		Statement of Income (Loss). Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
	(e)	Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
(X)		Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors. Computation of Net Capital
		Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
	ወ	Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
	(i)	A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
	(k)	A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of con-
_		solidation.
		An Oath or Affirmation, A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report,
		A report describing any material madequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).





FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2001 AND 2000

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Independent Auditor's Report

Members
Senvest International LLC

We have audited the accompanying statements of financial condition of Senvest International LLC as of December 31, 2001 and 2000 and the related statements of operations, changes in members' equity, cash flows and changes in liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Senvest International LLC as of December 31, 2001 and 2000 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained on pages 10 through 12 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Yohalem Gillman & Company LLP

New York, New York February 15, 2002

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

	DECEMBER 31,		
	2001	2000	
ASSETS			
Cash	\$ 188,010	\$ 186,917	
Securities owned: Marketable, at market value Not readily marketable, at estimated fair value	31,835,037 2,239,656	29,735,781 2,998,400	
Other assets	106,110	161,990	
	\$ 34,368,813	\$ 33,083,088	
LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' EQUITY			
Liabilities Payable to broker Securities sold, not yet purchased, at market value Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 5,223,688 2,032,300 111,248	\$ 5,761,101 566,004 134,490	
Total liabilities	7,367,236	6,461,595	
Members' equity	27,001,577	26,621,493	
	\$ 34,368,813	\$ 33,083,088	

STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31,

	2001		 2000	
Revenue				
Change in unrealized gain/loss on marketable securities	\$	2,899,414	\$ (19,119,716)	
(Loss) gain on disposition of securities owned		(454,588)	4,409,375	
Interest		8,673	206,957	
Dividends		218,403	 135,835	
Total revenue		2,671,902	 (14,367,549)	
Expenses				
Wages and benefits		904,378	848,896	
Depreciation		25,441	24,549	
Loss on disposition of fixed assets			13,696	
Income taxes		56,888	114,260	
Insurance		4,683	3,742	
Interest		390,330	520,697	
Office		57,092	105,598	
Professional fees		43,903	66,386	
Rent		130,433	86,696	
Taxes and licenses		26,284	46,831	
Telephone		17,600	21,648	
Travel		116,760	 145,265	
Total expenses		1,773,792	 1,998,264	
Net income (loss)	\$	898,110	\$ (16,365,813)	

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN MEMBERS' EQUITY

	YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,	
Balance - January 1, 2001	\$	26,621,493
Contributions		4,040,726
Distributions		(4,558,752)
Net income		898,110
Balance - December 31, 2001	\$	27,001,577
Balance - January 1, 2000	\$	42,914,221
Contributions		9,516,733
Distributions		(9,443,648)
Net loss		(16,365,813)
Balance - December 31, 2000	\$	26,621,493

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31,

	2001		2000	
Cash flows from operating activities			****	
Net income (loss)	\$	898,110	\$ (16,365,813)	
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash				
provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Depreciation		25,441	24,549	
Loss on disposition of equipment			13,696	
(Increase) decrease in operating assets:				
Securities owned, net		(1,340,511)	18,583,152	
Other assets		34,896	(15,877)	
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities:				
Payable to brokers		(537,413)	(1,946,043)	
Securities sold, not yet purchased		1,466,296	(431,210)	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(23,242)	 93,120	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		523,577	(44,426)	
Cash flows from investing activities				
Acquisition of equipment		(4,458)	 (106,723)	
Cash flows from financing activities				
Contributions from members		4,040,726	9,516,733	
Distributions to members		(4,558,752)	 (9,443,648)	
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities		(518,026)	73,085	
Increase (decrease) in cash		1,093	(78,064)	
Cash at beginning of year		186,917	 264,981	
Cash at end of year	\$	188,010	\$ 186,917	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN LIABILITIES SUBORDINATED TO CLAIMS OF GENERAL CREDITORS
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2001 AND 2000

NOT APPLICABLE

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2001 AND 2000

1. Organization and Business Activity

Senvest International LLC (the "Company"), a majority owned subsidiary of Senvest Capital, Inc. a Canadian concern traded on the Toronto Stock Exchange, was organized in the State of Delaware in December 1994 as a limited liability company and during 1999 became a registered broker-dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and a member of National Association of Securities Dealers. The operating agreement contains a clause which requires termination of the Company by December 31, 2094.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Securities

Securities transactions are recorded on a trade date basis. The Company transmits all transactions through a clearing broker who maintains the account.

Marketable securities are valued at market value, and securities not readily marketable are valued at fair value as determined by management. The marketable securities owned are pledged as collateral for the amount payable to clearing brokers.

Income Taxes

The Company is a Limited Liability Company and accordingly, no provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for any federal, state or local income taxes. The results of the operations of the company flow to the members. However, the Company is required to withhold tax at the treaty rate, if applicable, on their share of the fixed and determinable income.

Use of Estimates in Financial Statements

In preparing financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, management makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, as well as the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2001 AND 2000

3. Securities Owned and Sold, Not Yet Purchased

Marketable securities owned and sold, not yet purchased, consisted of trading securities at market value December 31, 2001 and 2000, as follows:

	200	2001		00
	Owned	Sold, Not Yet <u>Purchased</u>	<u>Owned</u>	Sold, Not Yet <u>Purchased</u>
Corporate stocks Mutual funds Corporate bonds	\$ 31,756,912 78,125	\$ 2,032,300 	\$ 29,423,893 179,388 132,500	\$ 566,004
	<u>\$ 31,835,037</u>	\$ 2,032,300	\$ 29,735,781	<u>\$ 566,004</u>

Securities not readily marketable include investment securities a) for which there is no market on a securities exchange or no independent publicly quoted market, b) that cannot be publicly offered or sold unless registration has been effected under the Securities Act of 1933, or c) that cannot be offered or sold because of other arrangements, restrictions or conditions applicable to the securities or to the Company. At December 31, 2001 and 2000, the Company held equity positions in those securities estimated at a fair value of \$2,239,656 and \$2,998,400, respectively. It is possible that the estimated value may differ significantly from the amount that might ultimately be realized in the near term, and the difference could be material.

4. Operating Lease

The Company occupies office space under a sublease agreement expiring March 31, 2007. Future minimum payments under this lease for the period ending March 31, 2007 are \$121,556 each year through termination. Rent expense, including escalation charges for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000 amounted to \$130,433 and \$86,696, respectively.

5. Net Capital Requirement

The Company is subject to the net capital rule (Rule 15c3-1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission, which requires that a broker-dealer's aggregate indebtedness, as defined, shall not exceed 15 times net capital, as defined. At December 31, 2001 and 2000 the Company's net capital ratio was .0058 to 1.0 and .0074 to 1.0, respectively and its net capital was \$19,376,592 and \$18,324,139 as compared with required net capital of \$100,000 in both years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2001 AND 2000

6. Other Financial Information

Cash held by financial institutions which exceed the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") limits expose the Company to concentrations of credit risk. Balances, throughout the year, exceed the maximum coverage provided by the FDIC on insured depositor accounts.

	2	2001	 2000
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information Cash paid during the year for		-	
Income taxes	\$	455	\$ 15,934
Interest		437,834	658,027

SCHEDULE OF COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL AND AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS UNDER SEC RULE 15c3-1

(with 2000 comparative information)

		DECEMBER 31,			
		2001	2000		
Total members' equity	\$	27,001,577	\$	26,621,491	
Deductions and/or charges Nonallowable assets		2,495,965		3,310,587	
Net capital before haircuts on securities positions		24,505,612		23,310,904	
Haircuts on securities		(5,129,020)		(4,986,765)	
Net capital		19,376,592		18,324,139	
Less: Minimum capital requirements	•	100,000		100,000	
Excess net capital	\$	19,276,592	\$	18,224,139	
COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS					
Accrued expenses and taxes payable	\$	111,248	\$	134,490	
Aggregate indebtedness	\$	111,248	\$	134,490	
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital		.0058:1.0		.0074:1.0	

SCHEDULE OF RECONCILIATION OF NET CAPITAL PER FOCUS REPORT WITH AUDIT REPORT SCHEDULE III DECEMBER 31, 2001 AND 2000

No material differences exist between the computation of net capital per FOCUS Report and the audit report Schedule $\rm III$.

INFORMATION RELATING TO POSSESSION OR CONTROL REQUIREMENTS UNDER SEC RULE 15c3-3
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2001

NOT APPLICABLE



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control

Members Senvest International LLC

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Senvest International LLC for the year ended December 31, 2001, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities Exchange Commission ("the Commission"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exceptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons;
- Recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13;
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control policies and procedures and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the Commission's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Members Senvest International LLC

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or irregularities may nevertheless occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the Commission to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2001 to meet the Commission's objectives. Also, we believe that the Company was in compliance with the conditions of the exemption at December 31, 2001, and no facts came to our attention that caused us to believe that such conditions had not been complied with during the year then ended.

This report is intended solely for the use of management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the New York Stock Exchange, and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and should not be used for any other purpose.

Yohalem Gillman & Company LLP

New York, New York February 15, 2002